

8-1 解题过程：

$$(1) X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) z^{-n} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n z^{-n} = \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}} \left(|z| > \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$(2) X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u(n) z^{-n} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)^n z^{-n} = \frac{z}{z + \frac{1}{4}} \left(|z| > \frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$(3) X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-n} u(n) z^{-n} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3} z\right)^{-n} = \frac{z}{z-3} (|z| > 3)$$

$$(4) X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(-n) z^{-n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^0 \left(\frac{1}{3} z^{-1}\right)^n = -\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3} z^{-1}\right)^n = -\frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{3}} \left(|z| < \frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$(5) X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left[-\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(-n-1)\right] z^{-n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} \left[-\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n\right] z^{-n} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [-(2z)^n]$$

$$= 1 - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (2z)^n = 1 - \frac{1}{1-2z} = \frac{-2z}{1-2z} = \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}} \left(|z| < \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$(6) X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(n+1) z^{-n} = z \left(|z| < +\infty\right)$$

$$(7) X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n [u(n) - u(n-10)] z^{-n}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^9 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n z^{-n}$$

$$= \frac{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2} z^{-1}\right)^{10}}{1 - \frac{1}{2} z^{-1}} \left(|z| > 0\right)$$

由于 $\frac{1 - \left(\frac{1}{2} z^{-1}\right)^{10}}{1 - \frac{1}{2} z^{-1}} = \frac{z^{10} - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{10}}{z^9 \left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)}$ 故极点为 $z = 0$ (9阶), $z = \frac{1}{2}$ (1阶)

零点由 $z^{10} - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{10} = 0$ 可求得。

令 $z = re^{j\omega_0}$ 代入有

$$(re^{j\omega_0})^{10} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{10} e^{j2k\pi} \text{ 于是 } re^{j\omega_0} = \frac{1}{2} e^{j\frac{2k\pi}{10}} \quad (k=0,1,2,\dots,9)$$

所以零点 $z = \frac{1}{2} e^{j\frac{2k\pi}{10}} \quad (k=0,1,2,\dots,9)$

又 $z = \frac{1}{2}$ 出零极点抵消，故收敛域为 $|z| > 0$ 。

$$\begin{aligned} (8) \quad X(z) &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n) \right] z^{-n} \\ &= \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{3}} \\ &= \frac{z \left(2z - \frac{5}{6}\right)}{\left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right) \left(z - \frac{1}{3}\right)} \quad \left(|z| > \frac{1}{2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$(9) \quad X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\delta(n) - \frac{1}{8} \delta(n-3) \right] z^{-n} = 1 - \frac{1}{8} z^{-3} \quad (|z| > 0)$$

8-5 解题过程：

$$(1) \quad X(z) = \frac{1}{1 + 0.5z^{-1}} = \frac{z}{z + 0.5} \quad x(n) = (-0.5)^n u(n)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \quad X(z) &= \frac{1 - 0.5z^{-1}}{1 + \frac{3}{4}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{8}z^{-2}} \\ &= \frac{1 - 0.5z^{-1}}{\frac{1}{8}(z^{-1} + 2)(z^{-1} + 4)} \\ &= \frac{8}{z^{-1} + 2} - \frac{12}{z^{-1} + 4} \\ &= \frac{4}{1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} - \frac{3}{1 + \frac{1}{4}z^{-1}} \\ &= \frac{4z}{z + \frac{1}{2}} - \frac{3z}{z + \frac{1}{4}} \end{aligned}$$

$$x(n) = \left[4 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)^n - 3 \left(-\frac{1}{4} \right)^n \right] u(n)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (3) \quad X(z) &= \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}{1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-2}} = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}\right)} \\ &= \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} = \frac{z}{z + \frac{1}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$x(n) = \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)^n u(n)$$

(4)

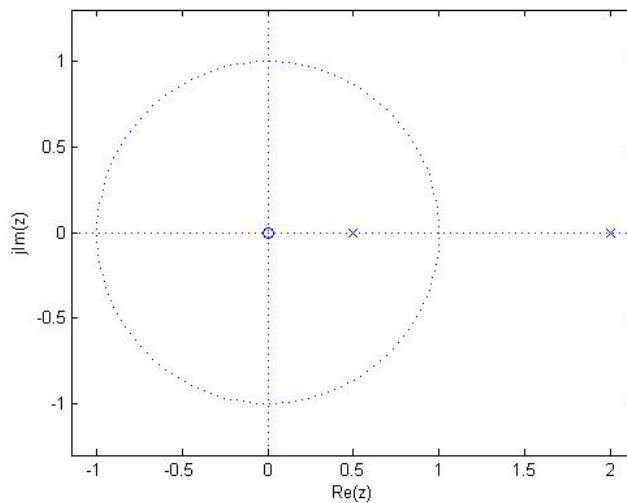
$$X(z) = \frac{1 - az^{-1}}{z^{-1} - a} = \frac{1 - a^2}{z^{-1} - a} - a = \frac{a^2 - 1}{a} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{a}z^{-1}} - a$$

$$x(n) = \frac{a^2 - 1}{a} \left(\frac{1}{a} \right)^n u(n) - a\delta(n)$$

8-12 解题过程：

$$\begin{aligned} \text{由于 } X(z) &= \frac{-3z^{-1}}{2 - 5z^{-1} + 2z^{-2}} = \frac{-3z}{2z^2 - 5z + 2} \\ &= -\frac{3}{2} \frac{z}{(z-1)\left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)} \end{aligned}$$

零极点如图所示



解图 8-12

$$\frac{X(z)}{z} = -\frac{3}{2} \frac{z}{(z-1)\left(z-\frac{1}{2}\right)} = \frac{1}{z-\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{z-2}$$

$$X(z) = \frac{z}{z-\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{z}{z-2}$$

当 $|z| > 2$ 时为右边序列 $x(n) = \left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n - 2^n \right] u(n)$

当 $|z| < 0.5$ 时为左边序列 $x(n) = \left[2^n - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \right] u(-n-1)$

当 $0.5 < |z| < 2$ 时为右边序列 $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) + 2^n u(-n-1)$

8-18 解题过程：

因为 $H(z) = \mathcal{Z}[h(n)] = \frac{z}{z-a} (|z| > a)$

$$X(z) = \mathcal{Z}[x(n)] = \frac{z}{z-1} - \frac{z^{-N+1}}{z-1} (|z| > 1)$$

$$Y(z) = X(z)H(z) = \frac{z}{z-a} \cdot \frac{z-z^{-N+1}}{z-1} (|z| > 1)$$

$$\frac{Y(z)}{z} = \left[\frac{1}{z-a} \cdot \frac{z}{z-1} \right] (1-z^{-N}) = \left[\frac{1}{1-a} \cdot \frac{z}{z-1} - \frac{a}{1-a} \cdot \frac{1}{z-a} \right] (1-z^{-N}) (|z| > 1)$$

$$Y(z) = \frac{1}{1-a} \left[\frac{z}{z-1} - \frac{az}{z-a} \right] (1-z^{-N})$$

由于 $y(n)$ 是因果序列，据移位性质求得

$$y(n) = \mathcal{Z}^{-1}[Y(z)] = \frac{1-a^{n+1}}{1-a} u(n) - \frac{1-a^{n+1-N}}{1-a} u(n-N)$$

8-25 解题过程：

由图得 $y(n) = b_1 y(n-1) + b_2 y(n-2) + ax(n-1)$

设系统是因果系统，对差分方程两边取 z 变换：

$$Y(z) = b_1 z^{-1} Y(z) + b_2 z^{-2} Y(z) + az^{-1} X(z)$$

$$\text{系统函数 } H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{az^{-1}}{1-b_1z^{-1}+b_2z^{-2}} = \frac{az}{z^2-b_1z-b_2}$$

单位样值响应

$$\begin{aligned} h(n) &= \mathcal{Z}^{-1}[H(z)] = \mathcal{Z}^{-1}\left[\frac{az}{z^2-b_1z-b_2}\right] \\ &= \mathcal{Z}^{-1}\left[\frac{a}{p_1-p_2}\left(\frac{z}{z-p_1}-\frac{z}{z-p_2}\right)\right] = \frac{a}{p_1-p_2}(p_1^n-p_2^n)u(n) \end{aligned}$$

其中 p_1, p_2 为 $H(z)$ 的极点

$$p_1 = \frac{b_1 + \sqrt{b_1^2 + 4b_2}}{2}, \quad p_2 = \frac{b_1 - \sqrt{b_1^2 + 4b_2}}{2}$$

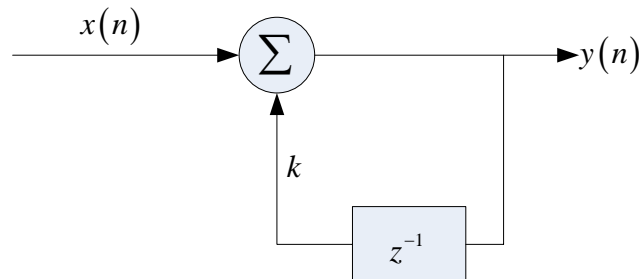
8-32 解题过程：

$$(1) H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{z}{z-k} = \frac{1}{1-kz^{-1}} = (1-kz^{-1})Y(z) = X(z)$$

两边取逆 z 变换可得差分方程

$$y(n) - ky(n-1) = x(n)$$

(2) 由差分方程可得系统结构图如下：



(3) 系统频率响应为

$$H(e^{j\omega}) = H(z)|_{z=e^{j\omega}} = \frac{e^{j\omega}}{e^{j\omega} - k} = \frac{1}{1 - ke^{j\omega}} = \frac{1}{(1 - k \cos \omega) + jk \sin \omega}$$

$$\text{故幅度响应 } |H(e^{j\omega})| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+k^2-2k \cos \omega}}$$

$$\text{相位响应 } \varphi(\omega) = -\tan^{-1} \frac{k \sin \omega}{1 - k \cos \omega}$$

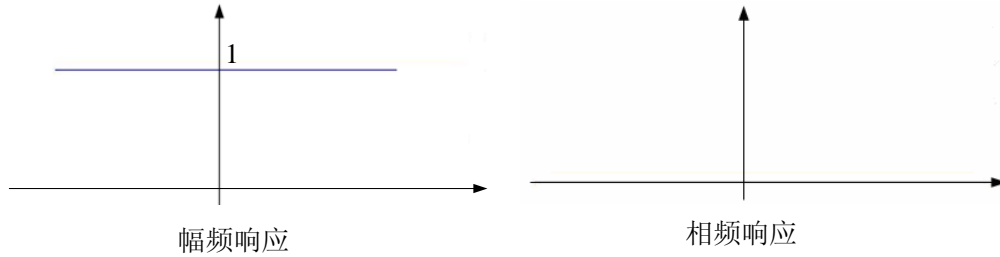
$$\textcircled{1} k=1, |H(e^{j\omega})| = 1, \varphi(\omega) = 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} k=0.5, |H(e^{j\omega})| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1.25 - \cos \omega}}, \varphi(\omega) = -\tan^{-1} \frac{\sin \omega}{2 - \cos \omega}$$

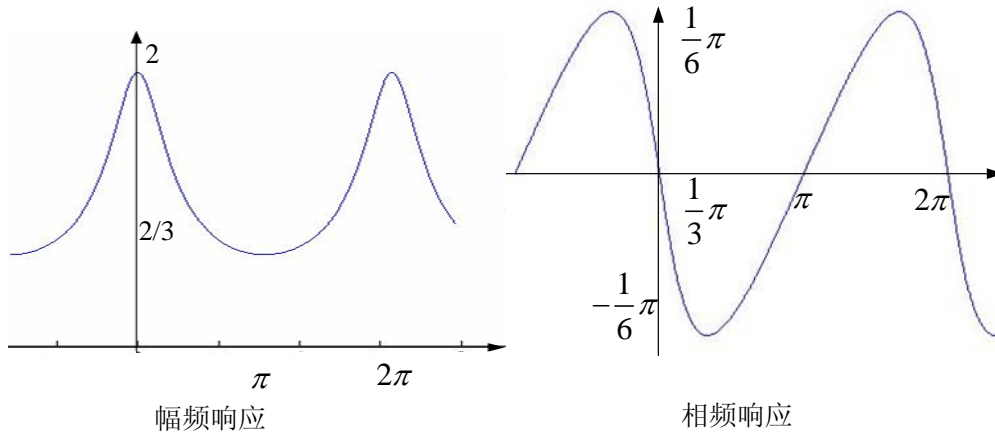
$$\textcircled{3} k=1, \quad |H(e^{j\omega})| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2(1-\cos\omega)}} = \frac{1}{2\left|\sin\frac{\omega}{2}\right|},$$

$$\varphi(\omega) = -\tan^{-1} \frac{\sin\omega}{2-\cos\omega} = -\tan^{-1}\left(\cot\frac{\omega}{2}\right) = \frac{\omega-\pi}{2}$$

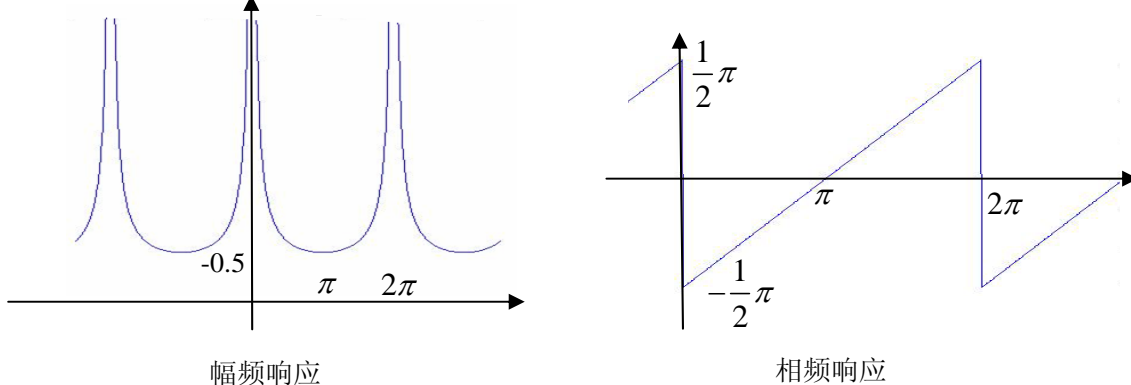
当 $k=0$ 时，幅频响应和相频响应如下图



当 $k=0.5$ 时，幅频响应和相频响应如下图



当 $k=1$ 时，幅频响应和相频响应如下图



8-33 解题过程：(1) $H(z) = \frac{1}{z-0.5}$ 零极点分布与幅度响应如图

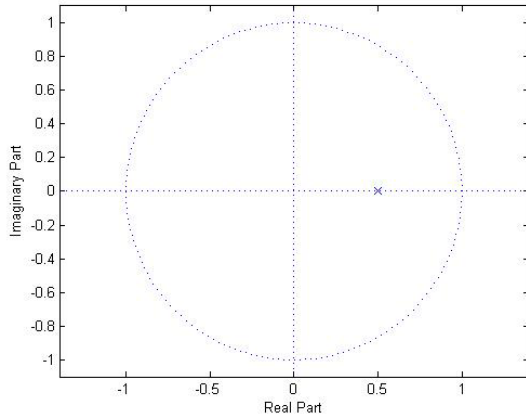


图 8-33_1(a) 零极点分布

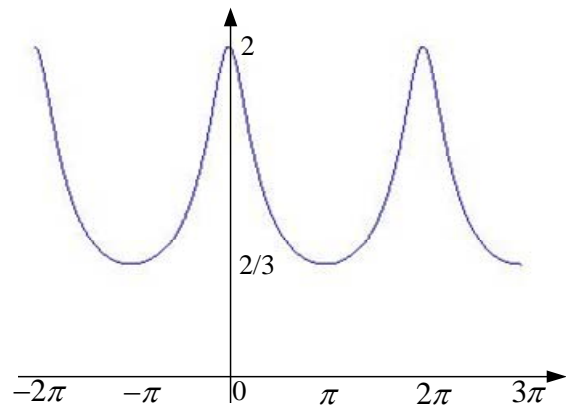


图 8-33_1(b) 幅度响应

(2) $H(z) = \frac{z}{z-0.5}$ ，相比于 $H(z) = \frac{1}{z-0.5}$ ，只在 $z=0$ 处增加一个零点，幅度响应不发生变化，零极点分布与幅度响应如图

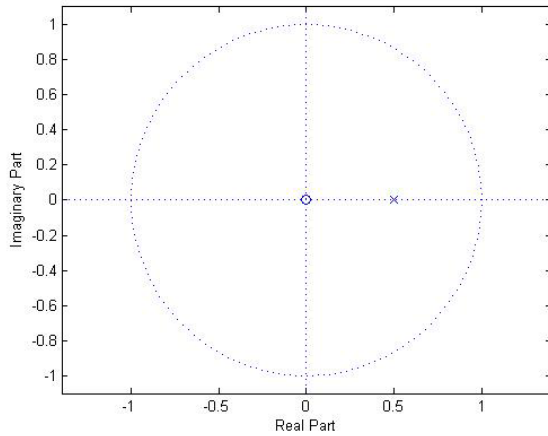


图 8-33_2(a) 零极点分布

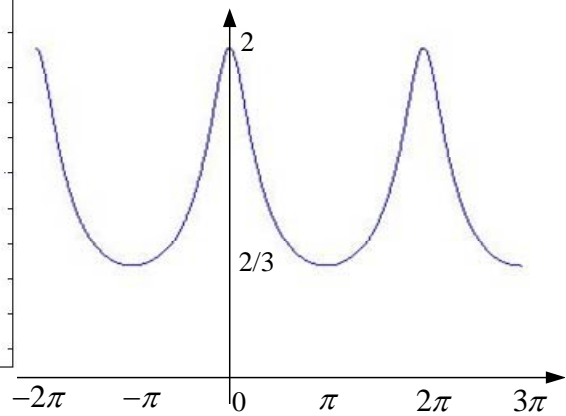
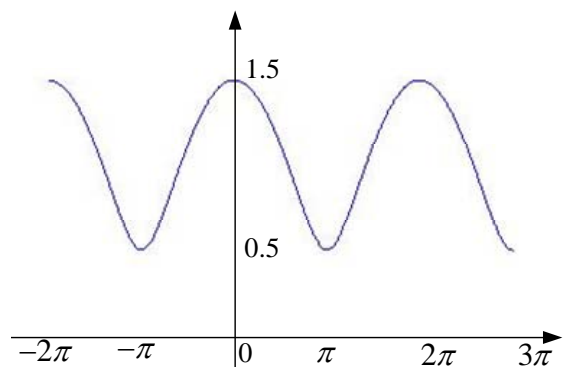
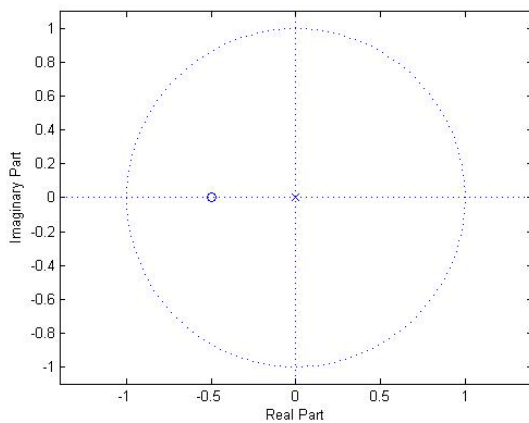


图 8-33_2(b) 幅度响应

(3) $H(z) = \frac{z+0.5}{z}$ ，零极点分布与幅度响应如图



8-37 解题过程:

$$(1) y(n) - \frac{3}{4}y(n-1) + \frac{1}{8}y(n-2) = x(n) + \frac{1}{3}x(n-1)$$

$$\text{作 } z \text{ 变换 } Y(z) - \frac{3}{4}z^{-1}Y(z) + \frac{1}{8}z^{-2}Y(z) = X(z) + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}X(z)$$

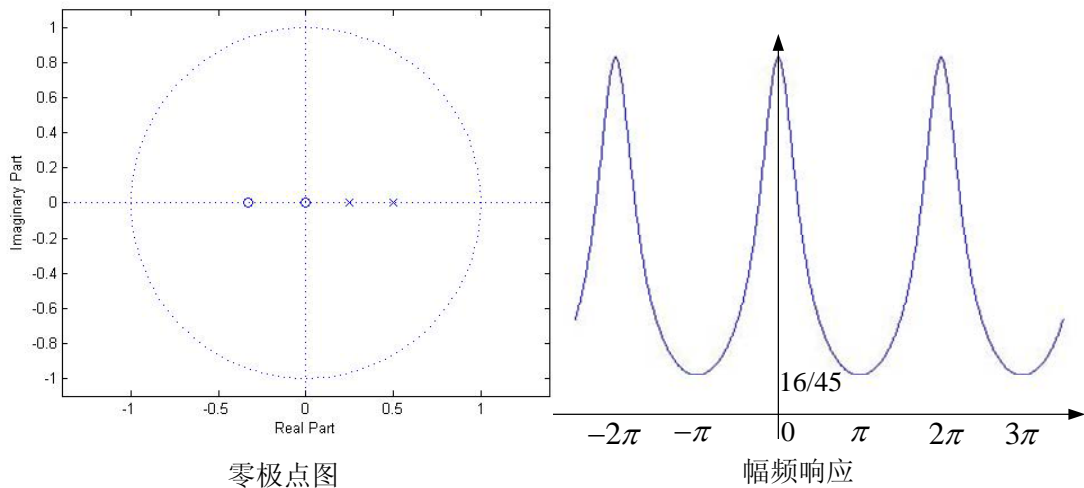
$$\begin{aligned} \text{系统函数 } H(z) &= \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{1 + \frac{1}{3}z^{-1}}{1 - \frac{3}{4}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{8}z^{-2}} = \frac{z\left(z + \frac{1}{3}\right)}{z^2 - \frac{3}{4}z + \frac{1}{8}} \\ &= \frac{10}{3} \left(\frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}} \right) - \frac{7}{3} \left(\frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{4}} \right) \quad \left(|z| > \frac{1}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{单位样值响应 } h(n) = \mathcal{Z}^{-1}[H(z)] = \left[\frac{10}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^n - \frac{7}{3} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)^n \right] u(n)$$

$$(2) H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{z\left(z + \frac{1}{3}\right)}{z^2 - \frac{3}{4}z + \frac{1}{8}} = \frac{z\left(z + \frac{1}{3}\right)}{\left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)\left(z - \frac{1}{4}\right)}$$

零极点分布如图

(3) 由零极点分布得系统幅频响应为解图



(4) 由差分方程的系统结构如图

