

中国科学院 2004 年高等代数真题解析

1.(15分) $\begin{cases} x_{n+1} = x_n + 4y_n \\ y_{n+1} = 2x_n + y_n \end{cases}$, 已知 $x_0 = 1, y_0 = 0$, 求 x_{100}, y_{100} 。

【解答】

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{n+1} \\ y_{n+1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_n \\ y_n \end{pmatrix}, \text{ 因此, } \begin{pmatrix} x_{100} \\ y_{100} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{100} \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{100} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

令 $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, 容易得到 A 的特征值为 $\lambda_1 = 1 + 2\sqrt{2}, \lambda_2 = 1 - 2\sqrt{2}$, 令

$$\varphi_1(\lambda) = \lambda - (1 - 2\sqrt{2}), \quad \varphi_2(\lambda) = \lambda - (1 + 2\sqrt{2}),$$

$$G_1 = \frac{\varphi_1(A)}{\varphi_1(\lambda_1)} = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 2\sqrt{2} & 4 \\ 2 & 2\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}}{4\sqrt{2}} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$